

Student Last Name:

# Safe at School®

# **Diabetes Medical** Management Plan 202 - 202



DOB:

(Add Student	pnoto nei

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School Name: School Phone #: School Fax #: Grade:

Home Room: School Point of Contact Name and E-mail Address: Contact Phone #:

# 1. DEMOGRAPHIC INFORMATION—(PARENT/GUARDIAN)

First Name:

Please complete page 1 of the DMMP and submit form to your medical provider prior to the start of school.

Student's Cell #: Diabetes Type: Date Diagnosed: Month: Year:

STUDENT'S SCHEDULE Arrival Time: Dismissal Time:

**Meal Times:** Travels to: **Physical Activity Days/Times:** Travels to school by Breakfast Home After-School Program (check all that apply): Gym Other AM Snack Foot/Bicycle Recess Via: Foot/Bicycle Lunch Car Sports Car PM Snack Bus Additional information: Student Driver Pre-Dismissal Attends Before-School Snack Program Parent/Guardian #1 (contact first): Relationship: Parent/Guardian #2: Relationship:

Work #: Cell #: Home #: Cell #: Home #: Work #:

**Email Address: Email Address:** 

Indicate Preferred Contact Method: Indicate Preferred Contact Method:

#### 2. PROVIDE NECESSARY SUPPLIES / DISASTER PLANNING / EXTENDED FIELD TRIPS

1. Provide a three day minimum of the following diabetes management supplies for the care of your child at school.

· Blood Glucose (BG)

- Insulin
- · Syringe/pen needles
- · Ketone strips
- Treatment for lows and additional snacks

List self-carry supplies:

- Glucagon
- Antiseptic wipes
- meter with test strips, lancets, extra battery also required for all Continuous Glucose Monitor (CGM) users
- Pump supplies (infusion set. cartridge, extra battery/charging cord) if applicable
- · Additional supplies:
- 2. Review expiration dates and quantities monthly and replace items prior to expiration dates
- 3. View disaster/emergency planning details—refer to Safe at School Guide
- 4. In the event of a disaster or extended field trip, a school nurse or other designated personnel will take student's diabetes supplies and medications to student's location.

Has your child lost consciousness, experienced a seizure, or required glucagon in the last two years: No Yes If yes, date of last event

Has your child experienced DKA or hospitalization for diabetes in the last two years: No Yes If yes, date of last event

Name of Health Care Provider/Clinic:

Email Address (non-essential communication):

Contact #:

Other:

Fax #:

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PROVIDERS: Please complete pages 2-6 of the form and forward completed and signed form to the school.

3. REQUIRED SUPERVISION AT SCHOOL (DEFINITIONS BELOW)							
		Full Support	Supervision	Self-Care			
Glucose Monitoring:	Blood glucose meter testing, responds to CGM alarms, interprets and notifies staff of readings						
Glucose Management: Low and high glucose management							
Insulin Administration:	Counts carbohydrates/determines meal amount, calculates insulin dose, administers insulin via syringe/pen/insulin pump, and responds to device alarms						

Self-Carry Diabetes Supplies: Yes No Smart Phone Is Medically Necessary: Yes No

Full Support: All care to be performed by school nurse and trained staff (as permitted by state law).

Supervision: Trained staff to assist and supervise. Guide and encourage independence.

Self-Care: Manages indicated diabetes skills independently. Support in the health office or classroom provided upon request and as needed.

#### 4. GLUCOSE MONITORING AT SCHOOL

**Monitor Glucose:** Before Meals (Default) With Physical Complaints/Illness (Default, Include Ketone Testing) High or Low Glucose Symptoms Before/After Physical Activity Before Leaving School Other:

### CONTINUOUS GLUCOSE MONITORING (CGM) N/A

Specify Brand and Model:

Injection via i-Port

Remote monitoring of the CGM by the school nurse/trained school staff is recommended medically necessary

#### Perform finger stick if:

- Symptoms do not match the sensor reading
- Sensor reading is unavailable or tracing is inconsistent
- Sensor is still reading below 70 mg/dL 15 minutes following low treatment
- Per manufacturer recommendations

## 5. INSULIN DELIVERY/DOSE CALCULATION DEVICES (SELECT ALL THAT APPLY)

Multiple Daily Injections (MDI)
Insulin Syringe Insulin Pen
Smart Pen

Insulin Pump (Specify Brand and Model)
Insulin pump is an automated insulin delivery (AID) system

Insulin pump is an open-sourced (OS-AID) system

Bolus Calculator App

Other

6. INSULINS AND OTHER GLUCOSE LOWERING MEDICATIONS						
Rapid-Acting Insulin: Humalog/Humalog U-200/Admelog (Lispro), Novolog/Merilog (Aspart), Apidra (Glulisine) Ultra-Rapid Acting Insulin: Fiasp (Aspart), Lyumjev (Lispro-aabc) Short-Acting Insulin: Humulin R, Novolin R Other:	Time, Dose, & Frequency (see Dosing Page for details)		<b>y</b> Page	Route Subcutaneous Other	Indication  Administer for food and/or correction.	
Long-Acting Insulin Lantus, Basaglar, Semglee, Resvoglar (Glargine) Ultra-Long Acting-Insulin Toujeo U-300 (Glargine) Tresiba (Degludec)	Time AM PM	Dose Units Units	Frequency	Route Subcutaneous	Indication Routine School Dose Overnight Field Trip Dose Disaster/Emergency Dose Pump Failure	
-						

#### 7. MEALTIME INSULIN TIMING GUIDELINES (SELECT ALL THAT APPLY)

#### **Insulin Administration Guidelines**

#### **Insulin Delivery Timing:**

Ensure substitution carbohydrates are consumed when student does not complete their meal.

Prior to Meal: Recommended 10-15 minutes for rapid-acting insulin.

At the Time of the Meal: Recommended for students using ultra-rapid insulin or the iLet insulin pump.

May Advance: Administer insulin prior to meal when student demonstrates consistent eating patterns.

Partial Dose Prior to Meal: Recommended for unpredictable eating, using pumps. Calculate pre-meal dose using grams of carbohydrates Follow pre-meal dose for additional grams of carbohydrate consumed, within 20 minutes (active AID: additional carbs N/A if ≥ 30 minutes late)

After Meal as Soon as Possible: Recommended for students that refuse food on pumps or unpredictable eating, using MDI. For MDI calculate dose based on pre-meal glucose, carbs consumed, and administer dose following meal. Pumps give correction before eating and enter grams of carbs consumed within 30 minutes of start of meal.

Name of Health Care Provider/Clinic:

Email Address (non-essential communication):

Contact #:

Fax #:

Other:

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# 8. DOSING TABLE—HEALTHCARE PROVIDER TO COMPLETE – SINGLE PAGE UPDATE ORDER FORM

Add Food Dose (Table A) + Correction Dose (Table B) = Meal Dose

### Food Dose (Table A)

Start Time End Time	Carb Ratio (For Grams of Carbohyo	٦		d Meal	<b>Dose</b> Grams	Dosing to be determin pump or smart device.
(HR:MIN) N/A	_ Carb Ratio	= Food Dose	N/A	N/A	N/A	Check for KETONES be > mg/dL (default
	1 unit per	grams of carbohydrate	50% LESS	USUAL MEAL	50% MORE	300 mg/dL MDI) for > meal and/or bolus) or > 4 student complains of phy nausea, vomiting). Refer
	1 unit per grams carboh		50% USUAL LESS MEAL		50% MORE	management guidance.  School nurse is authorial maintain glucose in norm
	1 unit per	grams of carbohydrate	50% LESS	USUAL MEAL	50% MORE	Insulin dose subtract Insulin dose subtract Carbohydrate grams su Carbohydrate grams su
	1 unit per	grams of carbohydrate	50% LESS	USUAL MEAL	50% MORE	Parents/guardians are Insulin dose +/- Insulin dose +/-
	1 unit per	grams of carbohydrate	50% LESS	USUAL MEAL	50% MORE	Carb Ratio +/- Correction Factor +/-

ned by bolus calculator using insulin

efore administering insulin if glucose ult ≥ 250 mg/dL insulin pump or ≥ min (default 90) following a 400 mg/dL at any time and/or if nysical symptoms (abdominal pain, to section 10 for high blood glucose

norized to adjust insulin dose to nal ranges during physical actvity.

units from total dose % from total dose grams from total subtract subtract % from total

#### re authorized to adjust insulin dose:

units %

grams/units mg/dL/unit

#### **Correction Dose (Table B) May correct every**

#### hours (default three hours)

Note: iLet pump corrections are fully automated, no manual corrections are possible via the pump.

	Correction Formula		Sliding Sca	le Correction [	Dose			
Start Time End Time (HR:MIN)	(Actual Glucose - Targ  Correction Factor  N/A	et Glucose) = Correction Dose	N/A					
	Target Glucose:	Correction Factor:	to	mg/dL =	units	to	mg/dL =	units
	mg/dL	mg/dL/unit	to	mg/dL =	units	to	mg/dL =	units
			to	mg/dL =	units	to	mg/dL =	units
N/A	Target Glucose:	Correction Factor:	to	mg/dL =	units	to	mg/dL =	units
	mg/dL	mg/dL/unit	to	mg/dL =	units	to	mg/dL =	units
			to	mg/dL =	units	to	mg/dL =	units
N/A	Target Glucose:	Correction Factor:	to	mg/dL =	units	to	mg/dL =	units
	mg/dL	mg/dL/unit	to	mg/dL =	units	to	mg/dL =	units
			to	mg/dL =	units	to	mg/dL =	units
N/A	Target Glucose:	Correction Factor:	to	mg/dL =	units	to	mg/dL =	units
	mg/dL	mg/dL/unit	to	mg/dL =	units	to	mg/dL =	units
			to	mg/dL =	units	to	mg/dL =	units

Diabetes Provider Signature:	Date:

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# 9. LOW GLUCOSE MANAGEMENT (HYPOGLYCEMIA)

Symptoms of Low Glucose May Include: none, hungry, shaky, pale, sweaty, tired/sleepy, tearful/crying, irritable and other mood changes, dizzy, unable to concentrate, poor attention and cognitive function, feelings of panic with or without uncontrolled hunger, confusion. Symptoms of Severe Low Glucose Include: low glucose level with inability to follow instructions, eat, or drink carbohydrates, unconsciousness, seizures.

#### **Low Glucose Treatment**

#### USE DEFAULTS in this section.

Treatment threshold: < mg/dL or < mg/dL for physical activity (default 70 mg/dL or 120 mg/dL for physical activity).

Treatment amount: One treatment = grams of carbohydrate (default 15 grams if > 80 lbs or 8 grams if < 80 lbs or on active AID System)

Repeat treatment every 15 minutes until BG > mg/dL. (Fingersticks should be performed to confirm if repeat treatment is necessary if using CGM data).

Adjust number of grams used to achieve glucose targets of mg/dL (default 80–120 mg/dL) or mg/dL during physical activity (default 120–180 mg/dL).

#### Number of treatments to give based on glucose level and CGM trending (see table below)

	CGM Trending Arrows by Brand				
	Steady	/-Slow	Fast-V	ery Fast	
Dexcom App	$\Diamond$		0		
Dexcom Receiver	<b>→</b>	И	<b>V</b>	$\downarrow \downarrow$	
Libre	<b>→</b>	И	<b>\</b>		
Medtronic Guardian and Simplera	None	<b>V</b>	<b>++</b>	<b>1</b>	

	Number of Treatments				
	No CGM	Steady-Slow	Fast-Very Fast		
Symptomatic or Impending Low Alarm in normal glucose range	1/2	1/2	1		
Mild (Level 1) Hypoglycemia 54 - 69 mg/dL	1	1	2		
Serious (Level 2) Hypoglycemia < 54 mg/dL	2	2	2		
Severe (Level 3) Hypoglycemia Irrespective of Glucose Level	Unconsciousness, seizure, unable to drink or swallow, requiring assistance with treatment. Administer severe low glucose treatment outlined below.				

For example: Dexcom is showing 60 mg/dL  $\psi\psi$ . This indicates mild (level 1) hypoglycemia with a very fast drop. The table instructs to give 2 treatments. If one treatment = 8 grams, give two or 16 grams to treat for Level 2 hypoglycemia. Reassess glucose in 15 minutes.

**Automated Insulin Delivery (AID) systems:** Insulin suspends automatically to avoid hypoglycemia, reducing amount of treatment required. Overtreatment of lows, above Target Glucose (150 mg/dL if using exercise/activity features) leads to extra insulin delivery and can cause rebound hypoglycemia.

Mild (Level 1) and Serious (Level 2) Carbohydrate Guidelines (Low Glucose, Conscious, and Able to Swallow)
Use only fast-acting carbohydrates such as juice, fat-free milk, glucose tablets/gels/gummies, honey, jam/jelly, sugar candies (jelly beans, Life Savers, Smarties, etc.), regular soda. Avoid fats, protein, fiber-rich foods when treating low glucose readings.

#### Severe (Level 3) Low Glucose Treatment Glucagon Guidelines

Zegalogue (dasiglucagon) 0.6 mg SC by Pre-Filled Syringe

1. Administer glucagon. 2. Position student on their side and monitor for vomiting 3. Call 911 and notify parent/guardian. If BG meter is available, confirm hypoglycemia via BG fingerstick. Do not delay treatment if meter is not immediately available. If wearing an insulin pump, place pump in suspend/stop mode or disconnect tubing from infusion site. Keep pump with student.

Gvoke PFS (prefilled syringe) or HypoPen (auto-injector) SC Injection
0.5 mg 1.0 mg
Gvoke Kit (ready-to-use vial and syringe, 1mg/0.2 ml) SC injection

Zegalog

Baqsimi Nasal Glucagon 3 mg Glucagon Emergency Kit IM 0.5 mg 1.0 mg Zegalogue (dasiglucagon) 0.6 mg SC by Auto-Injector

#### Exercise Features for Pumps/AID Systems: USE DEFAULTS in this section.

Initiate feature minutes prior to start of physical activity (Default 60-90 minutes) as needed to prevent hypoglycemia and maintain glucose levels in safe range (Default 120–180 mg/dL).

(Medtronic) 770/780G Temp Target or Preset Temp Basal, (Insulet) Omnipod 5 or DASH Activity Feature or Preset Temp Basal, (Tandem) CIQ

(Medtronic) 770/780G Temp Target or Preset Temp Basal, (Insulet) Omnipod 5 or DASH Activity Feature or Preset Temp Basal, (Tandem) CIC or Mobi Exercise Activity Setting or Temp Rate, (Beta Bionics) iLet Suspend, (Twiist) Workout Presets.

May suspend and disconnect from tubed insulin pump for up to minutes (Default 60 minutes) to avoid harm to student and/or device. Store in cool and clean place.

**Extended Exercise** > 30 minutes may require additional snacks to maintain glucose levels in safe ranges mg/dL (default 120–180 mg/dL). Give gram snack (may include protein/fiber once in target range as additional snack for extended exercise).

Encourage water, provide access to carbohydrates, allow glucose monitoring, and approve bathroom privileges during physical activity. Observe student for signs of high and low glucose levels.

Name of Health Care Provider/Clinic:

Contact #:

Fax #:

Email Address (non-essential communication):

Other:

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### 10. HIGH GLUCOSE MANAGEMENT (HYPERGLYCEMIA)

Symptoms of High Glucose May Include:

**USE DEFAULTS** in this section.

None, thirsty, frequent urination, fatigued/tired, drowsy, headache, blurred vision, warm/dry/flushed skin, anger, mood swings, inability to concentrate or recall information.

Symptoms associated with ketones include: abdominal discomfort, nausea, vomiting, fruity breath. Symptoms of DKA include deep rapid breathing, coma, and seizures.

Management of High Glucose over mg/dL (default is 300 mg/dL MDI OR 250 mg/dl if on an insulin pump) for minutes (default 90 minutes following last insulin bolus/meal), >400 mg/dL at any time or with physical complaints of not feeling well regardless of glucose level.

- 1. Provide and encourage consumption of water or sugar-free fluids. Give 4-8 ounces of water every 30 minutes.
- 2. Check for ketones (before giving insulin correction)
  - a. If trace or small urine ketones (blood: 0.1-0.5 mmol/L)
    - Consider insulin correction dose, refer to the Dosing Table in Section 8. for designated times correction insulin may be given. (Correction dosing via the iLet pump is fully automated, additional correction dose is not possible).
    - Can return to class and PE unless symptomatic. Avoid intense exercise if glucose level is >350 mg/dL.
    - · Recheck glucose and ketones in two hours
  - b. If Moderate or large urine ketones (blood 0.6–1.5 mmol/L or >1.5 mmol/L, respectively). This may be serious and requires action.
    - · Contact parents/guardian or, if unavailable, health care provider
    - · Administer correction dose via injection for all students.

For insulin pump users: Change infusion site/cartridge or use injections until dismissal.

- If injecting while using an AID system, turn off automation for three to four hours following injections. For iLet users
  discontinue insulin pump for 90 minutes following injection.
- · No physical activity until ketones are less than moderate.
- · Call 911 if changes in mental status and labored breathing are present.

Send student's diabetes logs to health care provider (include details): If pre-meal blood glucose is below 70 mg/dL or above 250 mg/dL more than three times per week or if you have any other concerns about the medical orders.

Student's health care provider SIGNATUR	E (physician, p	physician assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse):
Physician/Health Care Provider Signature:	Date:	Physician/Health Care Provider Printed Name:
Parent/Legal Guardian Acknowledgment:		
carry out the diabetes care tasks as outlined of the information contained in this Diabetes who have responsibility for my child and wh	l in this Diabet Medical Man o may need to	or another qualified health care professional to perform and tes Medical Management Plan. I also consent to the release nagement Plan to all school staff members and other adults o know this information to maintain my child's health and her qualified health care professional to collaborate with my
Student's Parent/Guardian Signature:	Date:	Parent/Legal Guardian Printed Name:
School Nurse or Designee Acknowledgm	ent:	
School Nurse or Designed Signature:	Date:	School Nurse or Designee Printed Name:

Name of Health Care Provider/Clinic:

Email Address (non-essential communication):

Contact #:

Fax #:

Other: